The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1906 XLIV—NO. 44

FROM PAYING DIVIDENDS

Injunction Asked For Restraining the United Boxboard Company.

STOCKHOLDER FILES CHARGE

Directors Alleged to Have Entered into a Conspiracy to Wreck the Corporation, Which Is Capitalized at Fourteen Millions—Accounting of Affairs Also Demanded.

Chicago, Dec. 22. — In the circuit court, Sidney Mitchell, who owns 2,000 shares of United Boxboard and Paper company, filed a bill asking for an injunction restraining the company from paying dividends. He also demands an accounting of the affairs of the company. The allegation is contained in the application of the injunction that the directors of the company have entered into a conspiracy to wreck the corporation, which is capitalized at $14,000,00. In his bill Mitchell declares the directors of the company permitted the earnings to accumulate and managed them for their personal gain and advantage, and refused to deliver them as dividends to the stockholders. January 1, 1905. Mitchell avers, the management of the Box Board company was vested in the following directors: O. C. Barber, William Graves, E. R. Stettinius, W. A. Russell, J. K. Robinson, S. B. Fleming and E. H. Watkins

"On Jan 1, 1905," the bill recites, "the directors of the United Box Board company, six of whom were six of the seven directors of the American Strawboard company, transferred to the American Strawboard company the entire stock of the Uncas Paper company for a pretended consideration of $250,000." The assertion was made that nothing was paid for the stock of the Uncas company. The bill then declares: "After acquiring the stock of the American Strawboard company, Barber and his associates on both boards entered into an unlawful and corrupt agreement to depreciate the value of the stock of the Box Board company and to increase the value of the stock of the American Strawboard company, and to eventually become owners of a large amount of the American stock owned by the Box Board company, in defraud of the rights of the shareholders of the United Box Board company."

PROTEST

To the Several Powers Is Made by the Vatican.

Rome, Dec. 22. — The papal secretary of state, Cardinal Merry Del Val, has sent to all the diplomatic representatives of the holy see for communication to the respective governments a protest against the search executed by order of the French government in the palace of the pontifical representative at Paris and the carrying off of various documents, and also against the violent expulsion of Mgr. Montagnini. The protest sets forth the enormity of such acts, which are held to be without modern precedent among civilized nations, as even when diplomatic relations cease, the protest says, it is customary to respect the residence and especially the archives of foreign representatives.

Was a Horrible Affair.

Houston, Mo., Dec. 22.—The execution here of Joda Hamilton, the 20-year-old farmer boy, for the murder of five members of the family of Barney Parsons, a farmer, was a horrible affair. Two attempts were necessary before the hanging proved successful. The first rope broke. At the first attempt Hamilton shot through the trap with a jerk and the spectators were horrified to see the rope part. Hamilton dropped to the ground and lay there writhing in pain. Partially conscious, he was picked up and carried a second time to the scaffold. The rope was hurriedly placed about the boy's neck, and five minutes after the first attempt the trap was again sprung. This time it was successful.

Negro Lynched For Assault.

Annapolis, Md, Dec. 22.—A mob of 25 or 30 men broke down the door of the Annapolis jail and lynched Henry Davis, the negro who criminally assaulted Mrs. John Reid, near Inglehart Station. Davis, who also was known by the name of Chambers, confessed his guilt before being put to death. Little or no resistance was offered to the mob by the officers at the jail.

Disappeared at Sea.

Plymouth, Eng., Dec. 22. — Jacques Schoenberger, a first-class passenger on board the steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm, which arrived here from New York, disappeared on the way over. Mr. Schoenberger's absence was noticed at dinner time the first day out. No trace of him could be found.

Official Excommunicated.

Tours, France, Dec. 22.—The archbishop of Tours publicly excommunicated a commissary of police for ordering the doors of the seminary here to be broken in to overcome the opposition of the students in the carrying out of the provisions of the separation law.

ROCKEFELLER

Would Go to Court If Summoned. Americans Too Prodigal.

New York, Dec. 22.—Replying to the inquiry whether he would be prepared to go to court should his presence be desired in connection with the government suit against the Standard Oil company, J. D. Rockefeller said: "It would be a sorry day for country and for all of us when our courts are not respected or we can not respect them and our laws are not upheld. We must have law and order and we must have courts to enforce them. What else can I do but go to court when summoned?" Discussing the prosperity of the country, Mr. Rockefeller says: "We are going entirely too fast. We are too prodigal of our money. We are buying foreign novelties and letting our gold go to Europe. The money ought to be kept here, for just as surely as we send too much of our gold to the other side, just as surely will we have to pay the penalty of our rashness."

Senator Brown's Will.

Salt Lake City, Dec. 22.—Had the late ex-Senator Brown foreseen his death at the hands of Mrs. Bradley he could have devised no more ingenious retaliation than the post-mortem revenge contained in his will. The document, which was written Aug. 24, 1906, four months before Mr. Brown was shot down at the Raleigh in Washington, was filed here for probate. "I do not devise, or give or bequeath anything to any of the children of Mrs. Anna M. Bradley," is the language of the will. "I do not think either or any child born to Mrs. Anna M. Bradley is or are mine, but whether such child or children is or not, I expressly provide that neither or any of them shall receive anything of my estate." The testator bequeaths all his property, valued at about $75,000, to his two children by his first wife and second wives, Alice Brown and Max Brown.

May Sidetrack Drago Doctrine.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Secretary of State Root, in accepting the tentative program for the approaching conference at The Hague, has reserved the right on behalf of the United States government to postpone for discussion the subjects of disarmament and the Drago doctrine. This latter subject was injected into the program of the Rio conference by the United States after the program had been practically completed at the meeting of an international committee in Washington last winter. This article, which is the outgrowth of Dr. Calvo's famous dictum, involving the right of a nation to use force in the collection from other nations of public debts, gave rise to more controversies and excited more feeling and was generally of greater importance than any other article discussed at the Rio conference.

Hicks Gets Solid Food.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 22.—Hicks, the entombed miner ,at Bakersfield will be rescued soon, according to a telegram received here by the Edison company. The message says: "We have had to abandon the project of reaching Hicks underneath the car and expect now to reach him over it. The man is so near that the workmen have actually touched him. Solid food has been handed to him. He says he is all right and we expect to notify you any time that he has been taken out. A narrow passage is being built of timbers over the car, and the man will be carried out through that. Hicks laughs and jokes constantly with the workmen. He seems very high-spirited, although not hysterical."

Bonus to Employes.

New York, Dec. 22.—The First National bank, one of the largest institutions in this city, distributed its annual bonus to the employes. With it they received notice that after this year that form of holiday distribution would be discontinued, but that an advance of from 20 to 25 per cent in salary would be given in the following year. A number of other banks and financial institutions made the customary Christmas presents to their employes.

Favorable to Church.

San Juan, P. R., Dec. 22.—The supreme court of Porto Rico rendered a decision favorable to the Catholic church in the case of the church against the people as to the ownership of certain properties. The court finds that properties valued at $500,000 belong to the church, and accrued rents and incomes since 1898, when the United States took the island from Spain, amounting to $100,000, are declared to be due the plaintiff.

Hughes Announces Appointment.

New York, Dec. 22. — Charles Hallam Keep of Buffalo, and since May, 1903, assistant secretary of the treasury of the United States, will succeed Fred G. Kilbourne as state superintendent of banks for the state of New York. This announcement was made by Governor elect Hughes, who said that he had decided to nominate Mr. Keep and that the latter had promised to accept.

Increase of Wages.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Announcement of an increase in wages of 10 per cent was posted in mills of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago. It is said that a like advance will apply to employes of the company in Joliet and Milwaukee, and that 13,000 men will be affected.

SIXTIETH OHIO FOUGHT WELL

Statement In President's Message Corrected by Critchfield.

MEN HONORABLY DISCHARGED

Buckeye Adjutant General Investigates the Record of the Regiment, and Reports That It Was Thrice Commended For Bravery — Live Intelligence of Ohio.

Columbus, O, Dec. 22 —In reply to numerous questions concerning the record of the Sixtieth Ohio regiment, which has been called into controversy by a statement contained in President Roosevelt's message to congress transmitting the evidence and records relating to the dismissal of the negro troops of the Twenty-fifth regiment, Adjutant General Critchfield issued a statement, in which he says.

"The muster-out rolls in the adjutant general's office, Columbus, copies of which were furnished by the war department, show this regiment to have been mustered out and honorably discharged on Nov. 10, 1862, at Chicago, Ill., by T. O. Bain, captain Eleventh United States infantry, mustering officer."

Adjutant General Critchfield declares "It is a mystery on what authority the statement has been made that this regiment was discharged because it was disorganized, mutinous and worthless." The Sixtieth Ohio was organized, according to Adjutant General Critchfield's statement, on Feb. 25, 1862, and mustered into the service on April 27 the same year. William H. Trimble of Hillsboro was colonel of the regiment. It served in West Virginia and Maryland until its capture at Harper's Ferry on Sept. 15, 1862. The members were paroled as prisoners of war and marched to Annapolis, and from there transported by rail to Camp Douglas, Chicago, along with 4,000 other men. "While in the detention camp," General Critchfield says, "much dissatisfaction arose, as the men were idle and unarmed, but nothing serious occurred except the destruction of some property, consisting of barracks and lumber. This matter was investigated by a board of survey, which found that $2,169.65 had been destroyed and should be charged to 4,652 men of 13 different organizations from five states, and the report was made 27 days after the Sixtieth Ohio regiment had been mustered out." Adjutant General Critchfield quotes from the official records of the rebellion to show that the regiment had been commended for bravery on three different occasions.

Raise For Big Four Engineers.

Columbus, O., Dec. 22. — Announcement was made that as a result of the conferences between the engineers of the Big Four railroad and General Manager J. Q. Van Winkle, which have just been completed, the company has decided to grant an increase of 8 per cent in wages to this class of employes over the entire system. The men ask for more than 8 per cent, but have agreed to a compromise and will accept the advance decided upon by the company, which, they say, is agreeable to them.

Hold Mother and Her Son.

Dayton, O., Dec. 22. — Mrs. Katie Gilman, mother of murdered Dona Gilman, and Collis Gilman, the accused brother, were held to the grand jury by Justice Wagner at the close of the hearing. Mrs. Gilman was included by agreement of attorneys of both sides, under an arrangement that the case shall be reviewed by Judge Martin of the common pleas court. This review will be had Monday morning. Fayne Gilman, the sister, was exonerated.

Must Face Murder Charge.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 22.—Fred Draheim, who was shot Sunday, died at Lakeside hospital Draheim had been paying a visit to his sweetheart, Stella Richardson, and stopped at Rosaco's saloon to get a drink. Draheim was entering the place when Cappi Otavio and Joseph Mocsejni, Italian sculptors, stepped toward him, and Otavio, it is said, drew a revolver and shot him in the abdomen. Otavio is now charged with murder.

Residence Wrecked.

Portsmouth, O., Dec. 22.—The home of Mrs. Luca Snowdon was partly wrecked by a natural gas explosion, and Charles O'Donnell and George Hittruner were seriously injured. Accumulation of gas beneath an upstairs floor caused the damage when a candle was applied. Every window and door was shattered.

Unearths Another Skeleton.

Wauseon, O., Dec. 22.—The skeleton of an American mastodon has been unearthed on the C. H. Hartman farm, three miles west of here. The owner, Dr. G. N. Hartman, will excavate for the rest of it and present it to Ann Arbor university. Five such skeletons have been found in Fulton county.

Traction Lines to Be Merged.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 22.—The reorganization committee of the Cleveland & Southwestern Traction company has decided upon a comprehensive merger of the three interurban properties controlled by the Pomeroy and Mandelbaum interests in north Ohio. The merger will include 210 miles of single track and will bring lines in northern Ohio into one large system. The roads involved are the Cleveland & Southwestern, the Cleveland, Ashland & Mansfield and the Ohio Central. The new company will take the name of the Cleveland & Southwestern Railway company. It will have $15,000,000 capital.

Request of Bigamist.

Norwalk, O., Dec. 22.—Harry Reynolds, the Cleveland bigamist who married Mae Smith of this city, who has been in the penitentiary at Columbus six months, sentenced to six years, through his Norwalk attorney has made application for commutation of sentence.

GRAIN AND LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Common to prime steers, $4 00@7 40; cows, $2 75@4 75; heifers, $2 60@5 60; bulls, $2 40@4 50, stockers and feeders, $2 40@4 50. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $3 75@5 75; lambs, $7 00@7 75; yearlings, $4 60@6 25. Calves $2 75@8 50 Hogs — Choice to prime heavy, $6 27½@6 32½; medium to good heavy, $6 20@6 27½; butcher weights, $6 27½@6 32½; good to prime mixed, $6 20@6 27½, packing, $6 20@6 25; pigs, $6 00@6 30 Wheat—No 2 red, 75¼c.

EAST BUFFALO — Cattle: Good to choice export cattle, $5 50@6 00; shipping steers, $5 40@5 25; butcher cattle, $4 50@5 00; heifers, $3 00@4 65; fat cows and bulls, $2 50@4 50; milkers and springers, $25 00@55 50. Sheep and Lambs—Yearlings, $5 75@6 25; mixed sheep, $5 25@5 40; wethers, $5 50@5 65; ewes, $5 00@5 25; spring lambs, $5 50@7 50. Calves—Best, $8 50@9 25 Hogs—Heavies, $6 55; medium Yorkers, $6 50@6 55; pigs, $6 45; stags, $4 50, roughs, $5 75@6 00.

PITTSBURG — Cattle: Choice, $5 75@6 00; prime, $5 40@5 65; tidy butchers', $4 50@5 00, heifers, $2 50@4 40; cows, bulls and stags, $2 00@4 00; fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers $5 20@5 40; good mixed, $5 00@5 25; lambs, $5 00@7 25. Calves—$6 00@8 75. Hogs—Heavy hogs, $6 45; mediums, Yorkers and pigs, $6 40.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Prime dry-fed, $5 50@7 75; fat steers, $4 25@5 25; fat cows, $3 50@3 75; bulls, $3 25@3 75; heifers, $3 50@4 50; milkers and springers, $15 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Choice lambs, $6 90@7 00; wethers $5 25@5 50; mixed, $5 25; ewes, $4 75@5 00. Calves—$8 00. Hogs—Yorkers, $6 30; mediums, $6 35, pigs, $6 30, roughs, $5 55@5 75; stags, $4 50@4 75

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 75@77c. Corn—No 2 mixed, 43½@44c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 37½@38c Rye—No. 2, 71@72c Lard—$8 65 Bacon—$10 00. Bulk meats—$8 75. Hogs—$5 50@6 30. Cattle—$2 00@5 50. Sheep—$2 00@4 75. Lambs—$4 25@7 75.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 76½c; corn, 43¼c; oats, 37c; rye, 68c, cloverseed, $8 22½.

Weekly Review of Trade.

New York, Dec. 22.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: Weather conditions accelerate distribution of seasonable merchandise at retail, but increased traffic difficulties, freight blockades and shortage of motive power not only retard business but threaten serious results at some western points. Holiday trade has equalled sanguine expectations, yet this large volume has not interfered with the brisk demand for staple articles which depleted stocks to such an extent that wholesale trade experiences unusual activity for the season. The only noteworthy decrease in comparison with activities a year ago appears in building permits. Most industrial work is maintained at the maximum, mills and factories having so many contracts for the next year's delivery that inventories receive little attention.

Must Comply With Pen Rules.

Ossining, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Since Attorney Patrick has been in the death-house he has given no trouble whatever to the warden or keepers. Now, however, he is showing a dread of going into the main prison as a life convict, as he will have to comply with the prison rules. During his long incarceration in the death-house he has had a large, roomy cell, has had the use of all the books and papers he desired, and has received frequent visits from his wife. In the main prison he will be confined to the ordinary narrow cell, his reading will be confined to an occasional book from the prison library, and, according to the prison rules, and visits of his wife will be far less frequent than formerly.

BONAPARTE

Says Days of Isolation of the United States Are Gone Forever.

Philadelphia, Dec. 22. — Attorney General Bonaparte in an address before the students of a business school here gave a vivid portrayal of the changed conditions of the United States as to peace and war between present day and Washington's time. "'Our detached and distant situation,' in the words of Washington, which made us the friend and not the enemy of other nations," Mr. Bonaparte said, "has changed decidedly. But, while we have drawn prodigiously nearer to possible and perhaps dangerous enemies, we have also grown prodigiously bigger and richer and more obtrusive, and therefore vastly more likely to awaken envy, distrust and fear, or in other words, have enemies. For us the days of obscurity and isolation are gone forever, and safety must now be sought elsewhere." Mr. Bonaparte made a plea for a liberal provision for national defense.

Murderer Condemned to Death.

Santiago, Chile, Dec. 22.—The trial of Emilio DuBois, who is known to have murdered five persons, ended in his being condemned to death.

SHOT TWICE BY A NEGRO

Captain Macklin of the Twenty-fifth Infantry Badly Wounded.

STRUCK IN BODY AND JAW

Belief Expressed That the Assassin Was One of the Members of the Troops Discharged by President Roosevelt—Bloodhounds to Be Employed to Trace the Desperado.

El Reno, Okla., Dec. 22. — An unknown negro shot and dangerously wounded Captain Edgar B. Macklin, aged 39, of Company C, Twenty-fifth United States infantry. Belief is expressed here that it was one of the members of the troops discharged by President Roosevelt for participation in the Brownsville riots. Bloodhounds will be brought here from Oklahoma City to track the assassin. The shooting occurred at the officers' quarters. Captain Macklin and his wife were seated at the dinner table when some one tried to gain entrance at the side door. Captain Macklin asked, "Who is there?" The reply came, "I have a message for you." "Come around to the back door," said Captain Macklin. A negro, part of his face covered by a mask, entered with the command, "Throw up your hands and give me all the money you've got." Without giving Captain Macklin time to reply he fired twice, then fled into the darkness. One bullet entered Captain Macklin's abdomen, the second struck him in the jaw. The surgeon says that while the wounds are dangerous they are not necessarily fatal. Captain Macklin is a son of Brigadier General Macklin, retired.

On Dec. 14 the secretary of war, on recommendation of general of staff, ordered the trial by courtmartial of Captain Macklin for "conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline in failing to exercise due diligence in preventing the occurrence of rioting at Brownsville last August."

THOUSANDS

Now Living on Leaves and Roots. Famine in China.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 22.—Advices received by the steamer Tremont, which arrived from the orient, tell of heavy loss of life through famine and flood in Anhui and Kiangsu provinces, China. The flooded area covers 40,000 square miles, which supported 15,000,000 persons. Tens of thousands are living on leaves and roots. Rev. T. F. McCrea, writing to Shanghai appealing for help, said: "Unless immediate relief be given, eight to ten millions persons will experience famine and and great numbers will perish. A number are already dying of famine and fever. Some throw their children into the water and then commit suicide. Many are selling their children for almost nothing."

Suicide's Wishes Respected.

New York, Dec. 22. — Before Mrs. Lulu Grover committed suicide by taking poison in her Harlem home on Dec. 8, she expressed in writing the wish that the president should receive her personal property. She added the hope that Mr. Roosevelt would order the disposal of her body and take care of her pets, two Angora cats. It was learned that although the president had never known the woman, her wishes have been respected. Acting upon the president's orders, United States District Attorney Stimson, in conjunction with the public administrator, personally supervised the cremation of the body and forwarded the two pet Angora cats and personal property to the White House.

Increase of Jap Army.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 22. — Advices were received by steamer Tremont, which arrived from the orient, that the Japanese cabinet had agreed to the increase of the Japanese army by two divisions, as urged by the minister of war. The minister of finance objected strongly. Funds will be found by cutting down extraordinary appropriations of other departments. The Japanese army then will have a total of 19 divisions, and will be able to put three-quarters of a million troops in the field.

McKnight Refused Pardon.

Washington, Dec. 22. — The president has again declined to grant a pardon to William F. McKnight, who was convicted of embezzling large sums of money from the German National bank of Louisville, Ky., and is serving sentence in the Atlanta penitentiary. McKnight is reported to be in bad health and his pardon has been recommended by numerous officials.

Granted an Increase.

New York, Dec. 22.—The locomotive firemen of the Long Island railroad have been granted an increase of 12 per cent in wages, according to an announcement made. A demand by the engineers of the road for an increase in wages has also been granted, but the company refused the request to make a reduction in hours of labor.

COLONEL BRYAN

Takes Exceptions to Statements in Root's Speech.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 22.—In a statement issued here, William J. Bryan takes issue with Secretary Root, who in a recent speech is understood to have advocated a stronger central government. Mr. Bryan contends that the constitution is sufficient for present needs, although made more than a century ago. The only changes needed, he declares, are those of method. Says Mr. Bryan:

"Secretary Root seems to rest his argument upon the old idea of destiny—the refuge of the man who wants to do a thing which he can not defend. The destiny argument carried us into our expensive experiment in imperialism, and now destiny is relied on to obliterate the states and centralize all government at Washington. The division of the powers of government was founded upon the doctrine of self-government, and the preservation of the nation depends upon the careful observance of the limitations between the things that are local and things that are national.

"Those who do not recognize the doctrine of local self-government can make an argument in favor of the transfer of all power to the federal government, but those who believe in the doctrine of self-government recognize that the people can be trusted best with that which they are best acquainted, and that the people are best acquainted with the things which are near them and immediately concern them. If Mr. Root has in mind the Japanese question as it presents itself in California, he will find the American people unwilling to turn the school system over to the federal government merely to please any foreign nation, however friendly."

Started by Kerosene.

Bellevue, O., Dec. 22.—The Fremont block was entirely destroyed by fire as the result of a coal oil can being tipped over. Loss $25,000, divided as follows: C. P. Frank & Co., grocery; W. K. Kutz, jepwelry; Heusler's saloon; Frank Burrows' cigar store.

Between the Cars.

Jackson, O., Dec. 22 —Irvine Laird, an employe of the Hocking Valley railroad, was crushed to death between two cars at McArthur Junction. He was the son of John Laird of this city, was married and leaves a wife and one child.

Struck at Crossing.

Youngstown, O., Dec. 22.—Erie passenger train No. 7 struck a buggy containing Mr. and Mrs. Reese Edwards and daughter. Mr. Edwards was instantly killed and his wife probably fatally injured. The girl escaped with slight injury.

Woman Cremated.

Marysville, O., Dec. 22. — While combing her hair a coal oil lamp fell into the lap of Miss Sarah Tanner, 46, and completely enveloped her in flames. Every inch of her skin was burned to a crisp. She lived alone.

Pierpont Morgan's Gift to Son.

New York, Dec. 22. — J. Pierpont Morgan gave a $600,000 mansion to his son, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., as a Christmas present. The young man has occupied the house, known as the Isaac N. Phelps mansion, on the corner of Madison avenue and Thirty-seventh street. Mr. Morgan paid $600,000 for the property Dec. 24, 1904. In the deeds both Morgans were mentioned as "John P." instead of J. Pierpont.

Congressmen Sail For Colon.

New York, Dec. 22.—Ten congressmen and one senator sailed for Colon on the steamer Alliance to make a five-day inspection of the isthmus of Panama and learn for themselves conditions in the canal zone. The party consisted of Senator Flint and Congressmen McKinlay and Knowland of California, Fulkerson of Missouri, Dickson, Rives, McKinney and Smith of Illinois, Howell of Utah, Kinkaid of Nebraska and Steenerson of Minnesota. "The question as to whether coolie labor shall dig the canal is of particular interest to the Pacific coast," Mr. McKinlay said, "and I personally shall pay special attention to the conditions of labor in Panama, as there is an intense feeling against Asiatic labor on the coast. I want to see for myself whether the objections to the employment of coolie labor in Panama are well founded."

CUT TO THE QUICK.

Ten terrorists were executed at Riga, Russia.

A Wells Fargo & Co. express box, said to have contained $30,000, was stolen from the company's office at Reno, Nev.

Appointment of James Bryce to be British ambassador at Washington, in succession to Sir Mortimer Durand, is admitted by Bryce himself.

Curtis Jett was found guilty of the assassination of James Cockrill, marshal at Jackson, Ky., four years ago, and sentenced to life imprisonment.

William E. Hess, treasurer of the Brewers' State association, will succeed the late Joseph A. Miller as secretary of the Ohio State Brewers' association.

The parish church at Baldernock, Scotland, where President Roosevelt's maternal ancestors, the Stobos and Bullocks worshipped in bygone days, was destroyed by fire.

SIX MINERS KILLED.

Cage Drops to the Bottom of the Shaft.

St. Louis, Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press.)—A cage in the Breese-Trenton Mining Company's shaft near Carlyle, Ill., dropt today, killing six men and injuring several. Some kind of an explosion occurred in the mine and immediately the miners filled the cage which fell, burying all the occupants in the debris at the bottom of the shaft.

Later—The accident occurred as the day shift of miners was descending into the mine. The cage containing the six men descended three hundred feet down the four hundred foot shaft when it went crashing down to the bottom with a noise like an explosion. One man was killed outright and the other five were carried down into the hole called the "sump" and debris piled on top of them. No sounds or cries are heard coming from under the debris and it is believed all were killed.

BUT LITTLE DIFFERENCE.

Cent an Hour May Cause Great Railroad Tie Up.

New York, Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press.)—Whether or not there will be a general tie-up of freight in the yards of eight big railroads having their terminals in New York and Jersey City is dependent on the outcome of a conference being held here today at the office of the Central railroad of New Jersey. The eight roads concerned are the Pennsylvania, Erie, Lehigh Valley, Central of New Jersey, Long Island, Batlimore & Ohio, Lackawanna and Staten Island Rapid Transit. The yard men on these roads gave the managers until today to decide whether or not to grant them an increase of four cents an hour, but refused to add the one cent demanded.

THE SIXTIETH REGIMENT.

Documents Relating to Muster Out Sent to Senate.

Washington, Dec. 22 —(By Associated Press) —Correspondence regarding the muster out of the Sixtieth Ohio regiment of infantry, concerning which Foraker in his speech in the Senate this week took issue with President Roosevelt, was given out at the White House today. The correspondence includes letters passing between Brigadier General Daniel Tyler, commanding at Camp Douglas, Chicago, in 1862, and the officials of the war department and pension office at Washington regarding mustering out of this regiment by reason of its being disorganized, mutinous and worthless.

COMMON LAW MARRIAGE.

Not Recognized Under the Laws of Ohio.

Lima, Dec. 22. — (By Associated Press.)—The circuit court here handed down a decision today holding that common law marriage cannot be recognized under the laws of Ohio. The case at issue is that of David H. Bates, who lived with a woman to whom he was not married for two years, introducing her as his wife. Subsequently Bates married a young woman in Allen county. He was arrested and convicted in criminal court on the charge of bigamy, but by the decision of the circuit court he will be released from jail at once.

TEMPORARY RESPITE.

Mrs. Myers Has One More Chance.

Kansas City, Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press.) — Judge Phillips, in United States district court here today, granted a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Mrs. Agnes Myers, under sentence to be executed January 10 for the murder of her husband. The sheriff was ordered to produce Mrs. Myers in court at Kansas City December 31.

COUNT IGNATIEFF KILLED.

Was a Member of the Russian Council of Empire.

Tver, Russia, Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press) — Count Alexis Ignatieff, member of the Council of the Empire and ex governor general of Kiev, was shot and killed by an unknown man here today. The assassin was arrested.

Cosmetics will ruin the complexion. There's no beauty practise equal to the effects of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It keeps the entire body in perfect health. Tea or Tablets, 35 cents. The Baltzly Company.

Florida via Washington or Baltimore and Steamer Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Liberal stop-over privileges (Diverse routes after Dec. 16th.) Very low rates. Consult agents.

The Massillon Independent.

PUBLISHED BY
THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING.
37 North Erie St., - - - MASSILLON, O.

Weekly Founded in 1863.
Daily Founded in 1887.
Semi-Weekly Founded in 1893.

Entered as second class matter June 26, 1906 at the Massillon Postoffice under the act of congress of March 3, 1879.

Telephone Calls:
Editorial Rooms — Both Phones No. 60
Business Office — Both Phones No. 85

THE INDEPENDENT is on sale at the following news stands Bahney's Book Store, Hankin's News Depot, Bammerlin's Cigar Store, Levi's Candy and Tobacco Stand.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1906

Hats off to Wooster! Our neighbor, it is asserted, had the honor of introducing the first Christmas tree in the United States.

The Right Honorable James Bryce, now chief secretary for Ireland, who, it seems likely, will be the new ambassador from the court of St. James to Washington, will be cordially welcomed in this country. Not only is he well fitted by experience to fill the important post at Washington, but, as the author of "The American Commonwealth," he is known to have secured and recorded a better idea of our institutions than any foreigner who has attempted a similar exposition.

The President says: "Adequate means should be adopted, enforced by sufficient penalties, to compel steamship companies engaged in the passenger business to observe in good faith the law which forbids them to encourage or solicit immigration to the United States. Moreover, there should be a sharp limitation imposed on all vessels coming to our ports as to the number of immigrants in ratio to tonnage which each vessel can carry. This ratio should be high enough to insure the coming hither of as good a class of aliens as possible." Privately, so strongly is he impress with the necessity for enacting stiffer immigration laws, Mr. Roosevelt has indicated to some of his congressional callers that if he thot congress could be induced to take that view he would be in favor of going even further and prescribing the number of cubic feet of hull space that should be allowed for each passenger, and, indeed, the idea is well worth considering.

MURDERERS ARE FREELY ADMITTEED.

Another instance of the neglect of our immigration offices to demand passports of every one of the foreigners now pouring into this country by thousands, to carefully inspect such passports and turn back all immigrants not furnisht with proper credentials, is supplied in a dispatch from Butler, Pa., telling of a tragedy which occurred there on Thursday. The dispatch tells the story as follows:

"I have a right to kill my wife; it's nobody's business but my own!" shouted Max Kaftle when he was arrested after a struggle tonight, charged with murdering his wife.

The first intimation receeived by the police that a crime had been committed came from Kaftle's little daughter, who approached an officer on the street with:

"Mother is lying on the floor and won't speak to me. Father hit her."

When an investigation was made at the Kaftle home in Lyndora, a foreign quarter, it was found the woman had been killed. As she stood at a table ironing, it is alleged, Kaftle in a fit of rage struck her on the head with a beer bottle, crushing the skull and causing almost instant death. Mike Tobel, who tried to protect the wife, narrowly escaped a simular fate. Kaftle, in a frenzy, drove the other inmates from the house, and fought like a demon when the officers arrived.

After a hasty hearing he was hurried to the jail to prevent violence at the hands of scores of foreigners who surrounded the office of Justice of the Peace Joseph Crisswell.

Foreigners who knew Kaftle in Russia say he is wanted for murder there, asserting he killed several wives, and that there is a standing reward for his arrest and return to Russia.

Here was a man known to be a desperate criminal in his own country and whose deportation was desired in order that he might be punisht for murder. Landing on our shores, the passport which our inspectors should have demanded was not examined and another criminal was admitted to the privileges of residence in the United States, free to commit the felonies which had caused him to be an outcast in his own land. It is only too apparent that we need better immigration laws, but it is also plain that a strict enforcement of our present laws would keep many a rascal out of this country and lessen the criminal records in our foreign centers of population.

The Sommerberg Fire Insurance Co. will hold their annual meeting on the second Tuesday of January the 8th, at Dalton, Ohio, at 12 o'clock sharp. All members are requested to be present. by order of J. H. Tschantz, president. J. L. Amstutz, secretary.

Many ills come from impure blood. Can't have pure blood with faulty digestion, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens stomach, bowels and liver, and purifies the blood.

CHRISTMAS AT THE HOSPITAL.

A Moving Picture Show on Monday Night.

THE USUAL CHRISTMAS DINNER

The Annual Treats Will be Distributed Among the Cottages Christmas Morning—Routine Business by the Trustees.

The holiday season will be observed at the Massillon state hospital with much ceremony and with as much amusement as is possible. The usual Christmas dinner will be given and this in itself is a thing of much comment. Christmas dinners at the hospital demand much preparation in the steward's department. Over two thousand persons must be fed and each is given the essentials and the accessories that make a Christmas dinner one to be remembered. The hospital farm will furnish the turkeys and the garden yielded an abundance of vegetables. No efforts are being spared to give all at the institution a dinner such as will grace the average American home next Tuesday.

The amusements will be commenced Monday night, when a moving picture show will be given in William McKinley hall by an artist from New Jersey. The pictures will be of a varied nature, some pertaining to Christmas and others being of a humorous nature. The entertainment is one of the winter's series and is the second within the past two weeks, Superintendent Eyman having given a lecture with stereopticon views a short time ago. Other entertainments will follow.

Following the entertainment the annual Christmas jollification will take place, when a Christmas tree will be shown on the stage of the entertainment hall. Christmas morning will again see the distribution of presents and sweetmeats among the cottages. The holiday week will be given to as much enjoyment as can be devized.

The trustees met at the institution Saturday and put in their time examining bills and ordering the payment of many. But very little other business came before the board, as the year's business had been completed at the previous meeting, when the annual report was prepared for Governor Harris. Much interest was shown by the trustees in the statements from other state hospitals with refernece to the per capita cost of maintenance. The report from the Massillon hospital is among the lowest, this being due to the favorable conditions because of the large farm and gardens. Very little work outside of routine matters is promised for the trustees this winter. The hospital has assumed its winter regularity and there being no meeting of the general assembly this winter the trustees will not need to waste efforts to secure appropriations for the Massillon institution.

Dr. Eyman spent Wednesday and Thursday in Cleveland on professional business.

Dr. Tatje, of the staff of assistant physicians, left on Saturday for his home in Columbus to spend a few days.

Miss Grace Boone, of the administration force, will leave on Sunday for her home in Salem for a week's vacation.

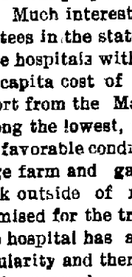
Dr. Eyman, who was seriously injured at the time of the first Canton-Massillon foot ball game, while on his way to the game, is now able to walk without the aid of a cane and his injured foot is rapidly improving.

Mrs. Eyman, who has been ill for several months, is somewhat improved and is able to be moved to a couch and taken to the parlor. She has gained some strength during the past week.

The last monthly report of the number of patients shows that the state now cares for 1,564 at the Massillon hospital.

Bad Breath.

A well-known physician, who undoubtedly knows, declares that bad breath has broken off more matches than bad temper.



There are ardent lovers who must sometimes wish their sweethearts presented sweeter mouths to be kissed.

Good teeth cannot prevent bad breath when the stomach is disordered.

The best cure for bad breath is a cleansing out of the body by use of

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic laxative.

This is a herb medicine, sold in 25c. and 50c. packages by druggists and it is saving more doctor's bills than any other medicine has ever saved.

It cures headache, backache, indigestion, constipation and skin diseases.

THREE BURNED TO DEATH.

New York, Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press.)—Mrs. Alice McWithney and two young children were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home at Pompton Lakes, N. J.

CHICKEN A LA KING.

Recipe From One of New York's Big Popular Hotels.

A favorite dish served in one of the big popular hotels of New York is chicken a la king. The recipe, as given by the chef of the fashionable establishment, is as follows: Cut into small pieces the white meat of a cold roast chicken. Make a sauce with two tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan over the fire. When the butter melts stir in two heaping tablespoonfuls of flour which has been well sifted. When the flour and butter are mixed to a cream pour in slowly a pint of hot milk, stirring constantly to keep from lumping. Allow the sauce to boil up once, then add a teaspoonful of grated onion, a saltspoonful of salt and the yolks of two eggs. Stir them briskly through the sauce, add two truffles and two mushrooms cut in small pieces and fried lightly in butter, one sweet green pepper cut in shreds after seeds have been removed and a generous tablespoonful of capers chopped and just a suggestion of grated nutmeg. Last of all, add the chicken, stir all together and allow it to cook a minute. Chicken a la king is usually served in a chafing dish.—New York Post.

Brief Mention.

Reporter—Now that I have described your dress and those of your maids, the house decorations and the presents, what shall I say of the bridegroom when we print the account of the wedding?

Bride Elect—Well, I suppose his name must go in. You might say that he was among those present.—Woman's Home Companion.

HUMOR

OVERSHREWD LAWYERS.

Who Were Defeated by Witnesses Through Their Own Weapons.

Overshrewd lawyers often furnish their adversaries with weapons. "Did you see this tree that has been mentioned by the roadside?" an advocate inquired.

"Yes, sir; I saw it very plainly."

"It was conspicuous, then?"

The witness seemed puzzled by the new word. He repeated his former assertion.

"What is the difference," sneered the lawyer, "between plain and conspicuous?"

But he was hoist with his own petard. The witness innocently answered:

"I can see you plainly, sir, among the other lawyers, though you are not a bit conspicuous."

In another instance a blow directed against the character of a witness forcibly recoiled.

"You were in the company of these people?" he was asked.

"Of two friends, sir."

"Friends! Two thieves, I suppose you mean."

"That may be so," was the dry retort. "They are both lawyers."

The blow that destroys the effect of an adverse examination is occasionally more the result of accident than of conscious effort. In a trial not long ago a very simple witness was in the box and after going through his ordeal was ready to retire. One question remained:

"Now, Mr. ——, has not an attempt been made to induce you to tell the court a different story?"

"A different story to what I have told, sir?"

"Yes. Is it not so?"

"Yes, sir."

"Upon your oath I demand to know who the persons are who have attempted this."

"Well, sir, you've tried as hard as any of 'em," was the unexpected answer.

It ended the examination.—Rochester Herald.

Trying to Make Amends.

Being unable to find a seat in the crowded car, the portly dame had gone into the smoking car and sat down near the door.

The man sitting next to her, absorbed in his newspaper, kept on smoking.

"I was foolish enough to suppose," she said, glowering at him, "that some of the men in here at least were gentlemen."

"Pardon me, madam," he answered, politely offering her his cigar case.—Chicago Tribune.

B. & O. Washington and East, Chicago and West.

Excellent service, lowest rates. Consult agents.

Everybody's friend—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Cures toothache, earache, sore throat. Heals cuts, bruises, scalds. Stops any pain.

Trains "De Luxe" B. & O.

(C., L. & W. Div.) Trains 16 and 17 wide vestibule, high back seats, ladie's coach and smoker. Porter in attendance. No extra charge.

After a heavy meal, take a couple of Doan's Regulets, and give your stomach, liver and bowels the help they will need. Regulets bring easy, regular passages of the bowels.

Ask Pennsylvania Lines Agents

About reduced rate Interchangeable Mileage Exchonge orders and lower fares. At Massillon, O., consult F. L. McEwen, agent.

WOMAN'S WORLD

MRS. J. ELLEN FOSTER.

Prominent as a Lawyer, Orator and Reformer.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of Washington, who has won fame as a lawyer, an orator and a reformer, is investigating the condition of women and child workers throughout this country. Mrs. Foster was detailed from the department of justice to do this work by direction of President Roosevelt, who has the fullest confidence in her ability as an investigator and statistician.

Mrs. Foster has had years of experience that peculiarly fits her for gathering just such statistics as these. She was among the first women in the country to study and practice law, and most of her clients were moneyless and defenseless women and children. She has been prominent in most of the best reform movements which have engaged women's clubs and societies and usually had charge of the work of crystallizing the sentiment into political action. On two occasions she brought special tramloads of factory women from New England to testify before senate committees as to their wages and living conditions.

MRS. J. ELLEN FOSTER.

In 1900 Mrs. Foster was appointed by Secretary of State John Hay to represent the United States at the international Red Cross conference at St. Petersburg. In 1905 she accompanied the Taft party to the Philippines and made a special report to President Roosevelt on the condition of women and children there.

Mrs. Foster then made a trip around the world, in the course of which she studied the condition of women and children in China and India.

Mrs. Foster is an ardent advocate of temperance and was one of the founders of the W. C. T. U. in Massachusetts, in which state she was born. She has spoken in the course of temperance all over the Union and was in the thick of the fight which resulted in making Iowa a temperance state.

"Weeping Willows."

"If there were more tears, there would be more marriages," said a matchmaker. "Whatever men may say, they like a woman who has not lost the ability to weep in true feminine fashion. In spite of their alleged strength, men always want some one in whom they can confide. What sympathy can they expect from a woman who knows not how to weep and regards tears as undignified? No man really likes to see a woman cry, but all men prefer a woman who can and does cry—a tender hearted creature who, although brave enough, does not try to incase herself in a kind of additional outer skin or suit of mail that renders her proof against sentiment. It is very questionable if this stoicism is good for women in any way. It is a relief to shed tears, and many a man would be glad if it were not regarded as cowardice for him to weep. It is one of nature's methods of assuaging grief."

Cheerful Bedrooms.

A cheerful bedroom is one of the essential points for an invalid or convalescent, and, since it is difficult to find a house with all the bedrooms facing south, some one must be unselfish enough to give the sunniest rooms to the less robust members of the family. Many people insist that the eastern exposure is the best for a sleeping room, because the early morning sun is healthful, but if the room must, perforce, face north it should have a light, cheerful paper and the lightest possible draperies. The bed should not be placed so that the light from the window shines directly in the eyes of the sleeper. It may be conducive to early rising, but the effect upon the eyes is unpleasant and often harmful. If the bed must face the windows and the footboard is not high enough to shield the eyes, a screen should be put across overnight between the window and the bed.

A Famous Skin Lotion.

A famous lotion, which not only whitens and clears the skin, but is also said to efface scars and even smallpox pittings, may be used at night and morning. Take one-half ounce of Jordan almonds, one and a half drams of bitter almonds, half a pint of distilled water and seven grains of bichloride of mercury in powder form. Care should be taken in making this lotion that nothing alkaline or metallic should touch the liquid. To make the almond milk blanch the almonds, crush in a mortar and add half of the distilled water. Put a lump of sugar in to prevent the two ingredients from separating, then beat well; strain through a flannel. Add the mercury, which has been previously dissolved in the other half of the water. When beaten together add sufficient water to make a pint. Apply twice a day and allow to dry on, then wipe off with soft cloth.—Philadelphia Press.

White Spots on the Table.

Who is not tormented with "white spots" on the dining table? To remedy, have three cloths and three saucers containing one kerosene, one alcohol and one sweet oil. Apply kerosene first of all. If kerosene or raw linseed oil is applied as soon as the spot is first made it will often remove it at once. After the stain has been allowed to stand for some time, however, first apply the kerosene, the second cloth with alcohol and finally the third cloth with sweet oil or linseed oil, rubbing the last in thoroughly until the spot has disappeared.

Movable Kitchen Cupboard.

A movable kitchen cupboard is a delight to the housewife, for this useful piece of furniture is like a parlor cabinet, as far as completeness is concerned. It has compartments for the flour barrel and large bowls underneath. It has shelves of varying depths for plates and cups and saucers. It has a small closet with labeled drawers of spices and others for sugar and the like, while, on the order of a desk, one shelf is let down for a bread board. All this is compactly arranged in a remarkably small space suited to the modern kitchen.

A Plate Shelf.

When the plate rail around the dining room is not sufficient to hold all the plates and the ceiling is so high as to leave an ugly blank space above the doorway an excellent idea is to build a narrow shelf over the lintel and bank it with plates and perhaps a tall, graceful vase filled with grasses or autumn leaves. The shelf should, of course, be stained to match the woodwork in the room, but it is quite possible for the home carpenter to put up such a contrivance.

Novel Way of Mending.

A good way to mend a round hole in a silk or woolen dress where otherwise only a patch could remedy matters is the following: The frayed portions around the tear should be carefully smoothed and a piece of the material, moistened with very thin mucilage, placed under the hole. A heavy weight should then be put upon it until dry, when it is only possible to discover the mended place by careful observation.

Saving the Woodwork.

To prevent the marring of mantels, furniture and window sills by flower vases or pots place beneath them little squares of oiled pasteboard cut from cracker or cake boxes now so common on the market. A supply of these squares can be cut in a few moments, and if kept in a handy place their use will soon become a habit, saving furniture and woodwork from many unsightly rings.

Taking a Compliment.

It is said that the way a woman takes a compliment stamps her place in society. A blush denotes the debutante, a giggle the silly or unsophisticated, a brusque protest the sensible but unpolished, but the quiet, unelated smile, with a quieter "Thank you," if reply be necessary, unmistakably denotes the woman of social training, the one accustomed to compliments.

Hall Curtains.

Beautiful and inexpensive hall curtains can be made of bobbinet with inch and a half hems all around. Down one side and across the bottom is a design four inches wide in the old fashioned darning pattern. The work is very speedy, and the cost was only for the bobbinet and mercerized floss for the darning.

Scoring a Sink Board.

Have your sink board scored deeply, either in parallel lines or those that converge slightly toward the lower end, and of course have the end nearest the sink a full inch lower than the opposite end is. Then when you are working, and especially in cleaning times, the water will run off of its own accord.

Grate Cleaning.

If newspapers are spread on the floor before the stove when ashes are to be removed much work will be saved, for the papers can be gathered up and burned, and there will be no necessity for sweeping. The ashes should be sprinkled with water before the pan is overturned.

To obtain a lasting and refreshing odor of sweet violets put half an ounce of orris root, broken in small pieces, in a bottle with two ounces of alcohol; cork it tight and shake well; then leave four or five days.

It cannot be denied that the women members of our profession are slowly but surely establishing for themselves a position which is not only honorable, but useful.—British Medical Journal.

Do not eat new bread. It is wasteful and indigestible. Eat one loaf before you cut another; then you leave no crusts to get stale and hard.

Do not have a house too large for your requirements. If you do you increase your rent and your work.

A NOVEL BOX PARTY.

Can Be Given Miles Away From a Theater.

An original box party, given while ten miles from a theater or amusement place of any kind, proved more amusing as well as less expensive than many of the entertainments to which high priced admission is paid.

The invitations gave the keynote of the affair. These were conventional notes written on paper of small size and inclosed in little boxes for which Uncle Sam's first class tax was paid in full, lest they be slower in arriving at their destinations than ordinary letters.

A table piled high with a motley collection of boxes greeted the bewildered eye of the arriving guest. These receptacles ranged in size from a jeweler's carton to a bandbox and each bore a number. They formed the foundation of a mirth provoking contest.

The company sat in a circle and slips of paper with pencils were distributed by the hostess. Then, one by one, the boxes, varying from tiny to unwieldy, were passed along the line. Contained in each box was some small object which the players were asked to guess.

No peeping was allowed and no peephole in sight. The deduction had to

be made by the sound when the box was shaken. Any one who could not form an opinion as to the contents when the box was first passed to him was permitted to make a second or a third trial. Guesses as to the contents were numbered in rotation and corresponded to those on the boxes. The objects inclosed were purposely simple in character—a boy's marble, a lead pencil, eraser, thimble, pin, cork, spool, etc.

The player who succeeded in guessing the greatest number of the hidden objects won a box of candy as a prize. —Philadelphia Press.

Round Shouldered Children.

Do you keep sharp watch on the children's spinal columns and shoulders?

When there is any inclination to stooping shoulder look into the matter at once to find the cause.

It may be the clothing in some way. The hose supporters will be put on the easiest way, and that is front and fastened to the underwaist.

This makes a pull on the chest and drags it over. It takes only just a little more pull than on the back and down drops the chest.

Are the bands around the waist weighing on the muscles that are made to hold up the body so they are not strong enough to work when so much is put on them?

The boy gives way under the drag of an ill fitting coat collar which is too thick.

See that there is no pull or weight on the back of the neck.

When nothing pulls the young spine over or presses it down and the proper muscles are allowed to hold it up the back will usually be straight and flat.

Want of pure air to fill the lungs and the drag of poorly arranged clothing have given many a child an incurable hump or a sunken chest for life.

Parsnip Croquettes.

Boil and press one pound of parsnips through a sieve.

Put four ounces of breadcrumbs into a basin, add half a cupful of boiling milk, the parsnip puree, one ounce of butter, one teaspoonful of grated cheese, the yolks of two eggs and a seasoning of salt, pepper and lemon juice. When thoroughly mixed form into balls, roll them in the whites of eggs beaten, roll in fine breadcrumbs and fry a golden color in hot oil.

Drain and serve on a folded napkin.

The above may be varied by adding to the other ingredients part of a raw grated onion or herbs and chopped mushrooms.

Cupid Cards.

Tiny works of art are some new place cards to be used at engagement dinners. The design shows coquetting Cupids encircled by a wedding ring. They are hand painted most cleverly and may serve as charming little souvenirs of the function.

"The average woman, of course, has no head for figures."

"Oh, I don't know! She has a head for other women's figures, at any rate. Whenever they pass they make her turn it."

The Horrid Man.

"Yes, my dear," said the sarcastic husband; "you may have made the cake all alone, as you say, but who helped you to lift it out of the oven?"

MERRY JINGLE OF THE BELLS.

Many Sleighs on the Streets Saturday Morning.

A POSSIBLE WHITE CHRISTMAS.

The Fall of Snow was General in Northern Ohio—Anxious Shoppers Were Busy All Day —Sport for the Boys.

The merry jingle of sleigh bells was heard on the streets Saturday and the pavements offered very fair sleighing. A fall of about three inches of snow Friday night, followed by freezing weather, made a good foundation on the pavements but offered very little chance for the use of sleighs on country roads.

Shoppers were given at least one day of ideal Christmas shopping. The air was crisp Saturday morning, and the snow did not melt on the walks. The invigorating air added zest to the season and from early morning to night the stores were scenes of activity. This was the first cold day of the shopping season and was appreciated by purchasers and merchants.

All day the grocery keepers were busy hauling loads of Christmas trees to the homes and wreaths of holly and other Christmas decorations were sold in abundance. The country roads were somewhat improved over the condition of the past few days and the business section was well filled with teams all day.

The prospects for a white Christmas are fair according to the weather forecast. The weather for Sunday is forecasted to be cold with a northwest wind, and as long as the wind comes from that direction there is little likelihood of rain or warmer weather. The fall of snow was general in northern Ohio.

The hills about the city resounded with the shouts of boys and girls Saturday morning, as they enjoyed the first treat of the winter in outdoor sports, chiefly gained by "sliding down hill," snow on the sidewalks offering this pastime. No interference is offered by the police in this mirthful sport. Sleds were hitched to wagons and other vehicles and young America partook of the full enjoyment of season.

OBITUARY

MRS. MARGARET HOSE.

Mrs. Maragret Hose, aged 61 years, died at the family residence, 40 Andrew street, at 8 o'clock Thursday morning. Death was due to heart failure. The deceased is survived by her husband, Christian Hose, five daughters and four sons. They are Mrs. John Marks, Mrs. Austin Hall, the Misses Clara and Alvena Hose, of Massillon; Mrs. Maize, of Canton, and Reuben, Frank, Charles and John Hose, of this city. She is also survived by one brother, Charles Ruth, and three sisters, Mrs Emma Fisher and Mrs. John Wagner, of Massillon, and Mrs. K. Fullmer, of Orrville. The funeral will be held from the house at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, the Rev. J. E. Digel, of St. John's Evangelical church, officiating. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

Transfers at Turkeyfoot.

The following transfers of Turkeyfoot lake property are publisht:

Solomon Kepler to Frank L. Hemperly, .20 acres, Turkeyfoot lake, Franklin township, $300.

Solomon Kepler to H. V. Kramer, 50 feet, Turkeyfoot lake, Franklin township, $300.

Itching, torturing skin eruptions, disfigure, annoy, drive one wild. Doan's Ointment brings quick relief and lasting cures. Fifty cents at any drug store.

Pennsylvania Lines

Holiday Excursions To

Pittsburg, New Castle, Pa., Indianapolis, Ind., Fort Wayne, Ind., Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo., sold Dec 29, 30 31, 1906 and Jan. 1st, 1907 Tickets good returning until Jan. 2, 1907.

To California, Oregon and Washington Tourist tickets at reduced fares.

Winter Tourist Fares
FLORIDA AND SOUTH
COLORADO AND
SOUTHWEST

Homeseekers' Excursions
WEST, NORTHWEST,
SOUTHWEST AND
MEXICO.

Ask about these excursions and **Interchangeable Mileage, Exchange Orders and Lowest Fares**

At Massillon consult E. L. McEWEN

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Wm Matson, of Conneaut, is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. A. Matson, in Chester street.

Miss Gertrude Altland, who is attending school at Ada, is home for the holiday vacation.

Miss Dessie Graybill left Saturday morning for South Bend, Ind., to spend the holidays.

William Brown, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., is a holiday guest at the home of his father, east of the city.

Mrs. M. E. Warwick and Mrs. D. S. Souers expect to spend Christmas with Mrs. Warrington K. Warwick, of Pittsburg.

Bishop Horstmann, of the Cleveland diocese, has commissioned the Rev. Joseph M. Paulus to organize a parish in East Canton.

A. W. North, of Youngstown, has accepted a position as bill clerk and operator at the Wheeling & Lake Erie station in this city.

A A. Hammersmith, a student at Ann Arbor, has arrived home to spend the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Hammersmith.

Miss Margaret Bahney has returned from Walnut Lane school at Germantown, Pa , to spend the holidays at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Bahney.

The Ministerial Association of Millersburg has past a resolution against Sunday funerals. Members will not officiate at Sunday funerals unless absolutely necessary.

Miss Gwendolin Benedict returned on Friday from Wilson college, Chambersburg, Pa., to spend the holidays at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Benedict in Prospect street.

Death at the age of twenty from the effects of superfluous flesh is the case of Cecelia Schutler, daughter of Mr and Mrs. J. J. Schulter, of Ravenna. Her weight exceeded 400 pounds.

A. R. McConnell, bill clerk and operator at the Wheeling and Lake Erie station in this city has been promoted to the position of ticket agent at Dalton. He began his new duties Friday morning.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Barbara Bauer was held from the family residence, in North Mill street, at 1 o'clock Friday afternoon and at 2 o'clock from St. John's Evangelical church, the Rev J. E. Digel, officiating. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Hose was held from the family residence, 40 Andrew street, at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, the Rev. J. E. Digel, pastor of St. John's Evangelical church, officiating. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

The venerable David M. Rudy, at his home in Dalton, on Friday quietly celebrated his ninetieth birthday with the members of his family. Mr. Rudy has six children living, twenty-four grandchildren and thirty-two great grandchildren.—Wooster Republican.

Thru mistaking a can which contained gasoline for one holding coal oil, Eva Gangel, a 13-year-old girl residing near Akron, was fatally burned Thursday. The girl threw gasoline upon a smouldering fire in the kitchen stove. She was terribly burned in the explosion which followed and died six hours later.

Deputy Game Warden Berry, of Akron, has announced that a hard campaign will be waged next spring against carp that is becoming plentiful in two lakes, Summit and Long. The prevalence of carp is claimed to be a greater cause for the decrease of other varieties of fish than the illegal fishing against which the state wardens have been fighting.

County Treasurer Knobloch stated Friday morning that only two saloonkeepers would drop out of business on account of not paying the second semi-annual assessment of the $1,000 tax which fell due December 20. Nick Schneider, of Massillon, and Huber Wingerter, of Waynesburg, are the traffickers who will discontinue business. At the time of the first assessment Stark county had 280 saloons.

Sixteen Akron merchants were arrested Thursday fo alleged employment of children under 16 years after 7:30 o'clock, upon complaint of Deputy Workshop Inspectors John F Ward and C B. Baker. The inspectors say that local factories have observed the child labor law, but that the merchants have not. Most of the children alleged to have been illegally employed were clerks or errand boys hired during the holiday rush.

Twenty-five friends surprized Miss Grace Ertle at her home in Akron street Thursday evening, the occasion being her eighteenth birthday anniversary. Games and music were the amusements. In a peanut contest the prizes were won by William Paulus and Miss Minnie Brentzel. Miss Ertle was given many beautiful presents. Supper was served at 10 o'clock and the table was decorated in Christmas style. Chief of Police Ertle, upon his arrival after office hours, was made to join the happy crowd and the young folks declared he was the "biggest boy in the crowd."

Saturday was one minute longer than Friday, which, according to the calendars, was the shortest day in the year. Sunday will be of the same length as Saturday, the sun rising at 7.19 and setting at 4:38. Monday will be two minutes longer than Sunday and after that day the increase is more marked. Friday was the shortest and the gloomiest day of the season. It was also the official beginning of winter. The moon entered the first quarter Saturday night and there will be a full moon on December 30, giving assurances of long bright nights during the first days of the new year.

TUCKER—BILLS.

"The Expected Happened" to a Well Known Ohio Citizen.

Copies of the Dunklin (Mo). Democrat of December 21 have been sent to Massillon. They contain the following interesting news item:

The expected happened. Last summer a nice appearing young man came here, and tho he was the personification of modesty, he admitted that he was a newspaper man, and that he was out from the great state of Ohio in the hope of impressing one of Dunklin county's most charming daughters with the importance of her changing her name and residence. He was told that he was in a worthy cause, and that if he could win, fairly, no injunction would be issued against him.

The result of the visit occurred this week when, on Wednesday, in the parlors of the Slicer hotel, in the presence of the brother and sister of the bride, Justice R. O. Price united in marriage Lyman H. Tucker, of Massillon, O., and Miss Mrytle J. Bills, daughter of W. K. Bills, one of the most prominent and popular farmers of Holcomb township.

Mr. Tucker comes with the best of recommendations and his bearing is that of an active, progressive business man. He has had good newspaper training and has been connected with several good papers of Ohio. His bride was raised here and is possest of all the charms of refined young womanhood.,

The couple left yesterday for their Ohio home, but we predict that Mr. Tucker will yet be a citizen of Missouri, and if he so concludes he will be accepted as a son.

OBITUARY.

CHRISTIAN SEERY.

Chistian Seery, aged 61 years, died at the Massillon state hospital, Friday afternoon. Death was due to organic brain disease. The body was sent to Canton, Saturday morning, for burial.

NEARBY TOWNS.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, Dec. 22 —Mr. and Mrs. William Hay left Saturday to spend a week's vacation with relatives in Cleveland.

Mrs. S. J. Shetler and son Karl, are visiting the former's sister in Cleveland.

H. B. Fulton, of this place, but recently of a Massillon moving picture show company, will give an entertainment in the school house this evening. Mr. Fulton gave a good entertainment of this kind some weeks ago.

Miss Theresa Hoagland has returned from Cleveland, where she had been spending a week with relatives.

The Misses Ruth and Isabelle Loew are on the sick list with tonsilitis.

Harmon Falk, who was recently injured in the Fox mine, is recovering.

P. A. Bach was hired by the Wabash company today to assist Ben Evans as car inspector.

WEST BROOKFIELD.

West Brookfield, Dec. 22. — Mrs. Boraway, of Canton, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Watts.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Harvy Jones, a daughter.

Maria Kelly is on the sick list.

Christmas exercises will be held at the M. E. church of this place Monday evening.

MAY PROVE FATAL.

When Will Massillon People Learn the Importance of it?

Brekache is only a simple thing at first:

But when you know 'tis from the kidneys;

That serious kidney troubles follows;

That diabetes, Bright's disease may be the fatal end,

You will gladly profit by the following experience.

'Tis the statement of a Massillon citizen.

Mrs E. Keller, of 122 Wooster street, Massilon, O., says: "I have never required to use much medicine for my kidneys since the spring of 1900 when I procured Doan's Kidney Pills and took a course of the treatment. I said at that time that I had been cured of attacks of backache varying in duration and severity for some years. In place of my estimation of Doan's Kidney Pills lessening it has increased, not only as the result of my own experience but I can add to it, the experience of other members of my family who have used Doan's Kidney Pills and recommend them as highly as I do."

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

Reduced rates every Sunday via the W. & L. E.

ART IN MASSILLON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

How the Young Idea is Taught to Shoot.

AN HOUR WITH THE ARTISTS.

Even First Graders Know Something About Form and Color and They Can Paint Real Pictures—The Worth of Such Training.

Several years ago, in one of the comic papers, there appeared a portrait labeled "Mamie" and the accompanying text informed the reader that "Our Mamie is such an artist: she goes to the mountains to paint." Beside it was the picture of a plaque, decorated with a stiff bunch of roses, tied with a large bow. This lovely thing, the reader was given to understand, was what Mamie painted upon her arrival at the mountains.

After all, Mamie probably painted as well as she knew. Until quite recently art, as taught in the public schools, was not the strong point of those valuable institutions. If Mamie looked at the mountains at all when she reached them she doubtless would have been unable to tell what color they were, how they were shaped, or how the lights and shadows played over them—much less transfer the mental picture from paint box to paper. She had never learned anything about the theory of color relations, and as for balance, rythm and harmony, she had never heard of them.

There are few girls like Mamie in the Massillon public schools. Even first grade pupils know that while clouds sometimes look like drifts of snow, they frequently look like streaks of smoke. They will tell you that althe trees are usually green, they sometimes look almost blue. They are familiar with sunset tints, which they learn to know as "the sun's bright smiles." They know that candle light is yellow. They can tell you all sorts of things about form and color and they can transfer their impressions to paper with water colors. Of course it is "fun," but this is the very reason why they do it so well. Everyone does his work better for liking it. There would be many tears shed if the board of education ever ordained that small boys and girls must draw nothing but apples, blocks and other still life objects with prosaic black lead pencils.

Miss Yost, who guides the wandering footsteps of younger Massillon students in fields of art, allowed a visitor in one of her class rooms the other day. "Monitors" went about placing little blue and white enameled cups on each desk. Then Miss Yost said, "One, two, three," and at each number respectively paint boxes came out, paint "rags" were spread upon small knees and paint brushes were poised in air. One boy got his "rag" mixt with his handkerchief and art presently became depicted upon his countenance, but his fellow artists were too intent upon what was going forward to notice. They were each "washing in" an impressionistic picture, representing a blue sky, white, fleecy clouds, and a beautiful green meadow below.

In the next grade the youngsters had completed a snow scene at a previous lesson. They were now about to lend enchantment to the view by adding a handsome fir tree. Miss Yost drew the tree upon the blackboard and gave a few directions about color mixing. Then to another "one, two, three," there was a great dipping of paint brushes and screwing up of small mouths as the fir trees sprang up all over the room. "See how the top of the tree stands out against the sky," said Miss Yoat, exhibiting a completed picture, and evidently they all "saw," because presently when the pictures were held under chins for exhibition there was a well proportioned tree in every one.

It is pretty certain that the boys and girls who have been painting skies, meadows, snow and trees during the past two months are looking with pleasure and interest at beautiful sunsets those days, and if you call their attention to the evening afterglow they will probably tell you that it is the sun's goodnight and that it can be copied by sticking one's paint brush first into the red "wash" and then into the yellow paint.

Higher up in the grades Miss Doxsee takes the young artists in hand, and work involving great accuracy is done. Language lessons are sometimes copied carefully into booklets and tied into artistically decorated covers. This week some of the boys and girls finisht a lot of Christmas calendars, each decorated with a well drawn and prettily colored spray of holly berries.

Perhaps the old timer who painfully learned his a-b abs and his three r's and drudged heavily thru his McGuffey's reader, may want to know the good of all this. If he still does not understand when the system has been explained to him, he will just have to wait until he gets an impression of its practical results in the improvement of American homes, in the interest of boys and girls in the great world out of doors and in their increased love of what is really beautiful in nature and art. One of the little text books used by the drawing classes has this quotation as a preface:

"When Napoleon decreed that every child in the schools of France should be taught to draw, he gave such an impetus to the artistic life of the French that, in this respect, no nation has since approached them."

And one of the verses which the boys and girls read is an indication of the direction in which the young idea is being trained to shoot:

"Great, wide, beautiful, wonderful world,
With the wonderful water around you curled,
And the wonderful grass upon your breast—
World, you are beautifully drest"

CORNELIUS TO DIE IN THE CHAIR

Judge Harter Imposes the Sentence Today.

EXECUTION FIXED FOR APRIL 26

Condemned Man's Attorneys Will Take the Case to Higher Court — Prisoner Will be Taken to Columbus Within Thirty Days.

Canton, Dec. 22.—James W. Cornelius was sentenced to be electrocuted on April 26, by Judge Henry W. Harter in common pleas court Saturday morning, for the murder of his wife, Estella Cornelius, at their home in this city last September. Cornelius was convicted of striking the woman over the head with a window weight, causing death, the jury returning a verdict of first degree murder. Before passing sentence the court inquired of Cornelius whether he had anything to say why sentence should not be imposed. "I have nothing to say," was the cool and collected reply of the condemned man. Judge Harter was more affected than the prisoner and showed considerable emotion as he meted out the death penalty. In his preliminary remarks the court said that it was a sad and unpleasant duty, but that the law fixt the penalty and he could not shrink from imposing it. Cornelius was remanded to the county jail and the sheriff was ordered to turn him over to the warden of the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus within thirty days. Previous sentence the court heard the arguments of Attorneys Welty and Albaugh for a new trial and also the state's side of the case as presented by Prosecutor Upham. The court promptly overruled the motion for a new trial to which counsel for the condemned man excepted. The court allowed an order for a transcript of the case to the circuit court, Attorney Welty announcing that an appeal would be taken to the higher tribunal. The circuit court will not meet in Canton until February.

ARMY OFFICER SHOT.

Discharged Soldier Supposed to be His Assailant.

El Reno, Tex., Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press.)—Captain Edgar B. Macklin, of Company C, Twenty-fifth infantry, was shot here last night. He is conscious this morning and his physicians express the belief that he will recover. There is no trace of the would-be assassin, who is believed to be one of the negro soldiers recently discharged on the order of President Roosevelt. Captain Macklin says he knows of no cause for the assault.

FRITHJOY IS LOST.

Whaling Steamer Goes Down With Nine of Crew.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press.)—The Norwegian whaling steamer Frithjoy was lost in the Antarctic last November. Nine men of the crew were lost. The survivors landed here. The Frithjoy is the vessel which was sent in 1903 to the rescue of the Nordenskjold Antarctic expedition.

If I were Santa Claus I would know exactly what to give every boy and girl. I would give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest medicine in the world; a never ceasing wonder. 35 cents. The Baltzly Company.

STRUCK BY A W. & L. E. ENGINE

George West is Instantly Killed at Canton.

BODY WAS CARRIED 100 FEET.

Skull Fractured on Both Sides and an Arm and Leg Were Broken — Patient Who Escaped from Massillon State Hospital Held in Canton City Jail.

Canton, Dec. 22.—While on the way to his home at 1503 Michigan avenue, about 8 o'clock Friday evening, George West, aged 61 years, was struck and instantly killed by northbound passenger train No. 35 on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad. The accident occurred at the Maple avenue crossing and there were no eye witnesses other than the enginemen. The train, which is scheduled to leave the Canton depot at 7:05 o'clock, was forty-five minutes late. Mr. West evidently did not hear the train's approach and started to cross in front of it. His body was carried about one hundred feet by the engine, but was not run over. The train was stopt and the trainman hurried to the unfortunate man, but life was extinct. A telephone message summoned Dr. E. D. Brant and Miller-Blanchard's ambulance. Dr. Brant said that West had been killed instantly.

The body was removed to Miller-Blanchard's undertaking rooms. An examination disclosed that the victim's neck had been broken, his skull fractured on both sides of the head, his left arm fractured at the elbow and a compound fracture of the left leg. Mr. West had resided in this city for the past twenty years and was a hard working man For the past seven years he was employed at the Novelty iron works. After quitting work Friday evening he attended to some business up town and then started to walk home. The deceased was a widower, his wife having died three years ago. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. W. H. Gonder, of 1503 Michigan avenue, with whom he lived and Mrs. Camm, who resides in England. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

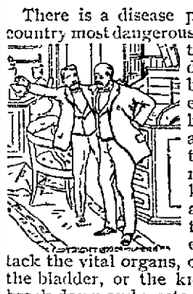
Frank Robacker, who says that his home is in Salem, is in the city prison awaiting one of the guards from the Massillon state hospital to take him back to that institution, from which he escaped about six weeks ago. The man is 57 years of age, says that he is not demented and never was, but that he was forced to go to the asylum by the courts of Columbiana county. He appears to be perfectly rational on all subjects and says that domestic troubles are back of his enforced incarceration. He says that he is a member of the Royal Arcanum, where he carries a life insurance policy of $3,000 and hints that he is being kept confined in order that he might die and the insurance be collected.

She worried and she fretted,
And grew as homely as could be,
But now she is a famous beauty,
Which came by taking Rocky Mountain Tea.

The Baltzly Company.

See B. & O. ticket agent about home seekers' rates.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.



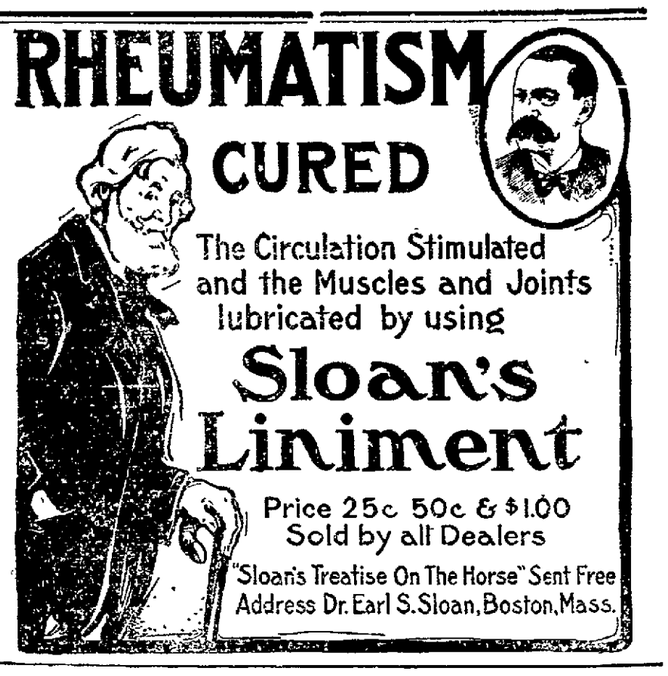
There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

RHEUMATISM CURED



The Circulation Stimulated and the Muscles and Joints lubricated by using

Sloan's Liniment

Price 25c 50c & $1.00
Sold by all Dealers

"Sloan's Treatise On The Horse" Sent Free
Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

HUMBERGERS

Store Open Every Evening Until Xmas.

Black Silk Specials

DURING THE HOLIDAYS:

Taffeta worth $1.35 36 in., Holiday Price..... $1.08 yd.
Taffeta worth $1.50 36 in., Holiday Price..... $1.23 yd.
Taffeta worth $1.75 36 in., Holiday Price..... $1.50 yd.
Black Peau De Soie $2 00 36 in., Holiday Price..... $1.59 yd.

Massillon's Leading Retailers of Best Grade Black Silk.

Your friend would appreciate a

Japanese Waste Basket

for a Christmas Remembrance. See our pretty ones at

55c, 65c, and 75c.

Beautiful Handkerchiefs

from 1c to $2.50 each.

Cream Dress and Waist Materials.

Newdanes 36 in. wide.....25c yd.
Nuns Cloth 36 in. wide .....50c yd.
Mohair Peam 36 in. wide .. 50c yd.
Mohair Fancy 36 in. wide 50c yd..
Cashmere all wool 36 in. wide 60c yd.
Mohair Padusoy 45 in. wide $1.00 yd.
Wool Crepe de Chine 42 in $1.00 yd.
Silkdown ..... $1.25 yd.
Lansdown (Read's). ....$1.25 yd.
Silk Tamise. ..... $1.25 yd.
Silk Crepelle..... $1.50 yd.

China and Cut Glass.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be in not later than 10 a m to insure insertion the same day.

Three publications of not more than four lines, 25 cents.

FOR RENT

HOUSE—Four room house at No 3 Warwick street. Inquire next door.

HOUSE—Two Apartment house of five rooms each on Borden Ave., both city water and furnace. Inquire of E. Converse, 198 E. Oak St.

OFFICE ROOMS—Two office rooms in new Independent Bldg. Inquire at Independent office.

ROOMS—Two front office rooms, second floor, southwest corner Walsh block just vacated by Dr. Cook. F. L. Baldwin, agent.

STOREROOM on West Main street, possession given at once, rent low to desirable tenant. S. Burd.

WANTED

LARGE first-class house of twenty five years standing manufacturing a staple line of goods in constant daily use wants a good man to manage branch wholesale business Salary $18 0 per year, payable monthly together with all expenses and extra commissions Applicant must furnish good references and $1(00) cash which is satisfactorily secured Address, President, 612 S. 6th St, St. Louis Mo.

SITUATION, reference given address W. A. Leonard, Crystal Spring, O.

LOST

POCKET BOOK — Lady's Pocketbook containing money, gloves, a letter addressed to owner, etc. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Independent office

SKIRT—A Gray Skirt between West Lebanon and Massillon on Tuesday. Finder will please return to owner or to this office Mrs M. Card, West Lebanon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS for all magazines at lowest club prices Catch him over the Phone—Bell 233, Ind 693. Ralph W. Young, The Magazine Man, Massillon, Ohio.

FOR SALE.

FARM—$5,000.- Mrs Pierce's 40 acre tract on Fulton road, about 1 mile north of Chantry school. F. L. Baldwin, Agent

HOUSE—New 5 room house 215 Third St.; slate roof, cistern water, gas. Big bargain if sold this month Isaac Conard

I MAKE abstracts or title, write deeds and mortgages at the law office of R. A. Finn, attorney at law, over 26 East Main street, Massillon, O. Justin E. White, Notary Public.

LOTS—2 lots on Commonwealth Ave. 1 lot on Superior St 1 lot on Duncan St. The Massillon Realty Co., over Merchants Bank

PIANOS—Square Pianos suitable for beginners. Can be exchanged later on for uprights. $30, $40, $50 up to $75. Easy terms if desired. The Klein & Heffelman Co., Canton.

STOREROOM with living rooms located in the west side business Centtr. This is cheap at $3,300

Five room new house on Chester St., house is finished in Oak, has gas and city water; only been built two months, this is a snap at $2,100.

Five room house on W. Tremont, gas and city water, this house is well located and cheap at $2,200.

Six room house on Henry street, bath, furnace, gas for light and neat city and cistern water, this house rents for $16 a month and is a bargain at $2,400

Seven room house on Albright street, gas for light and heat and city wate. in house, good barn and lot very cheap at $2,400.

See S. Burd.

TICKETS—Ocean Steamship Tickets—AMERICAN, ANCHOR, ATLANTIC TRANSPORT, CUNARD, FABRE, FRENCH, HAMBURG-AMERICAN, HOLLAND-AMERICAN, NORTH GERMAN LLOYD, RED STAR, WHITE Star Lines, F. C. Clark's Mediterranean Cruise. Warren E. Russell, 2 East Tremont street.

B. & O. Cheap Sunday Excursions

To Bridgeport (Wheeling), Uhrichsville, Cleveland and Lorain.

MASSILLON MARKET

(This report is corrected daily.

The following is the paying price in Massillon, Saturday, December 22, '06

Country butter, per lb	21-26
Eggs, per dozen	28
Old Chickens, dressed per lb	10
Spring Chickens, dressed per lb	12
Spring Chickens, live, per lb	10
Ducks, dressed, per lb	14
Turkeys dressed	16
Turkeys live	12½
Geese dressed	14
Geese live	11
Potatoes, per bushel	40
Apples per bu	50
Sausage, per lb	13
Ribs and Bone Meat	10
Pork, live	6½c lb
Pork, dressed	8c lb

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices:

Wheat	71
Hay, loose, per ton	$9 to $10
Hay, baled, per ton	$12
New Oats	37
New Corn per bushel	45

B. & O. railroad on account of holidays on December 22, 23, 24, 25, 29, 30, 31 and January 1 will make rate of one and a third fares to points in C P. A. territory except in Ohio. Return limit January 2.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOL BURNED.

Loss Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

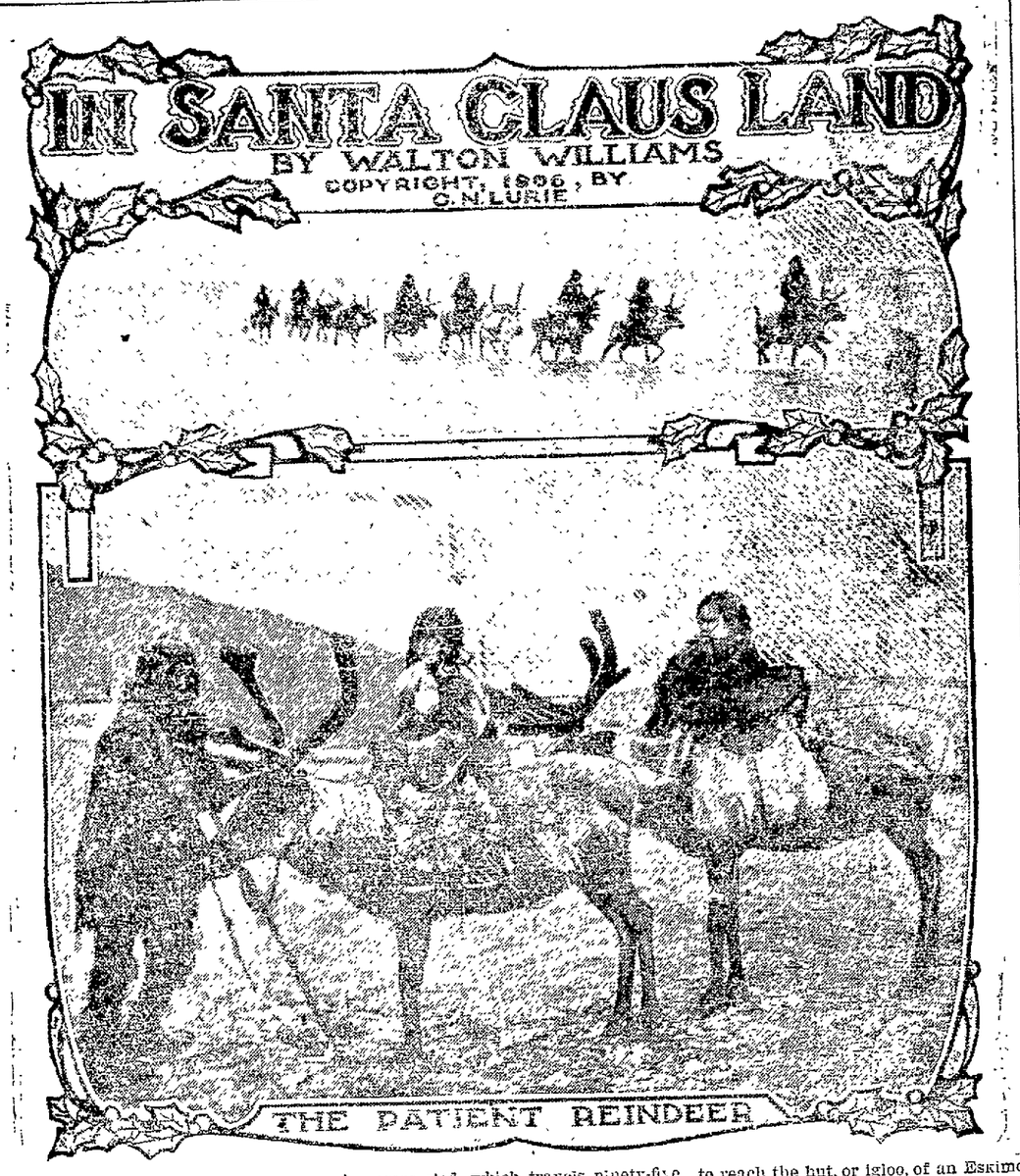
Chicago, Dec. 22 —(By Associated Press.)— Fire today practically destroyed the big St. Stanislaus parochial school at Noble and Bradley streets. Loss two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. All the inmates escaped without injury.

PROF. THWING MARRIED.

Auburn, N. Y., Dec. 22.—(By Associated Press.)—Charles F. Thwing, of the Western Reserve university, at Cleveland, and Miss Mary Gardner Dunning, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David M. Gunning, were married at the bride's home here today.

A GUARANTEED CURE for PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.



AWAY up under the arctic circle is Santa Claus Land. It is the land of ice and snow, of sleds and reindeer, of queer little huts in which live queer little people, the Eskimos. There can be no doubt that this is Santa Claus Land, because the old saint who comes down to the warmer and more lovely lands of all the world every Christmas eve and leaves many gifts for the children is himself dressed in heavy skins and furs, just as the Eskimos dress, and he rides in an arctic sled drawn by swift little reindeer.

Santa Claus Land is very unlike ours. It has no pretty gardens in summer nor any green fields or forests. On the contrary, it is always bleak and barren. The winters are very long and very cold. In the northernmost parts the sun is seldom seen in winter, the night being nearly six months long. The people dwell in huts built of ice and snow during the winter and in tents made of the dried skins of seals and reindeer during the summer. The reindeer supplies them with their only means of "rapid transit" during the long arctic night when the sledge dogs grow sullen and drowsy. It travels in the darkness as well as in daylight and gives rich milk, which may be made into butter or cheese. When slaughtered the reindeer's meat is eaten, and his hide is made into clothing for the Eskimos or stretched over poles and dried for use in making tents.

All the people of Santa Claus Land—men, women and children—are clothed in reindeer skins or sealskins. In summer they wear one suit and in winter two suits. All wear big hoods, called parkas, of fur, and in these hoods the mothers sometimes carry their babies. In certain parts of the frozen regions the babies are carried on their mothers' backs, next to the skin, for warmth, while elsewhere it is the custom to carry the infant about in one of the big deerskin or sealskin boots of the mother.

Reindeer, sure footed and fleet, are the motive power for freight and passenger trains in the great white north. They can travel from 50 to 100 miles a day, drawing laden sleds. In Alaska, which is Uncle Sam's section of Santa Claus Land, there is a reindeer mail and express sled, which travels ninety-five miles a day all through the winter.

The reindeer was introduced into Alaska only about a dozen years ago by the Rev. Dr. Sheldon Jackson, who, under the authority of the United States government, brought a small herd from northern Siberia. Since then Dr. Jackson has brought thousands of reindeer into Alaska, and they have multiplied rapidly.

They are now very generally employed in carrying the mail, in the transportation of supplies and in carrying passengers between the various mining towns and camps. The native Eskimos also find them very valuable as a food and clothing supply.

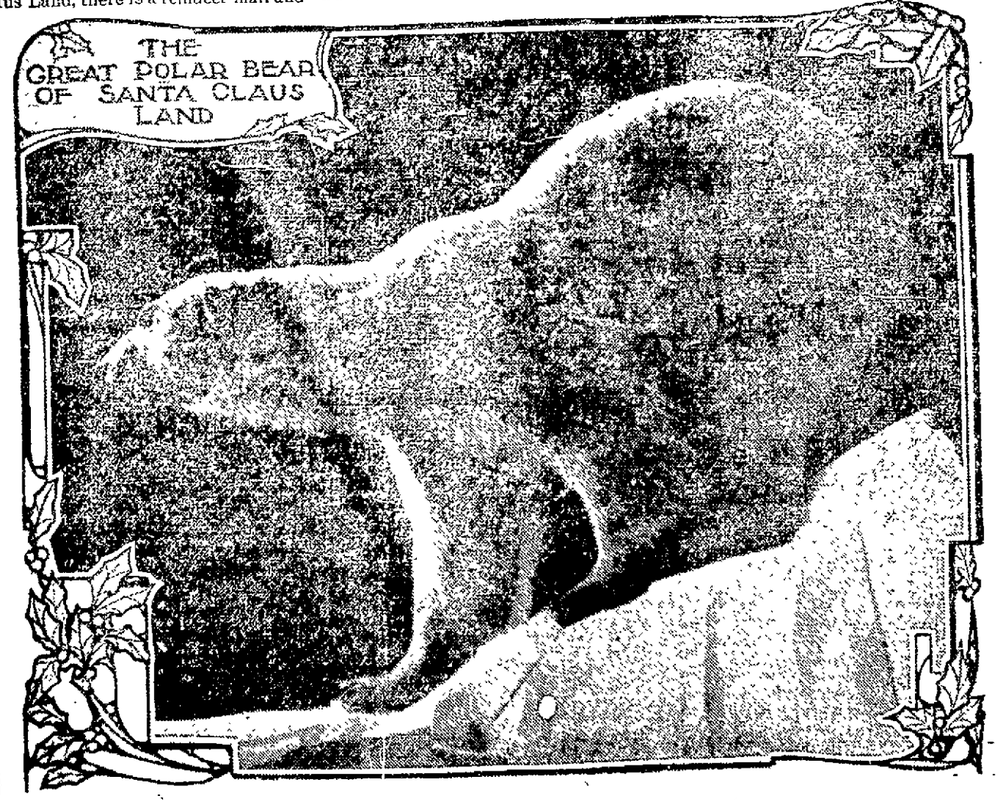
In late years the Christmas tree has been introduced among some of the Eskimos where the Christian religion is taught by missionaries. This makes it very handy for Santa Claus, who lives there, of course, but usually it is a most difficult matter to get the tree. Sometimes a poor little bush is carried hundreds of miles on a reindeer sled to reach the hut, or igloo, of an Eskimo family.

Eskimo children, however, are by no means lacking in merriment. They have their games, quite different from ours, yet played with just as much zest. One of their favorite games is football, though they play it in a manner quite different from the American college method. The children get a big old glove or boot, stuff it with waste fur or bits of skin, sew up the opening and kick and cuff the crude ball about over the frozen snow in great glee. Eskimo children also indulge in coasting. They use no little sleds, however, but simply slide down the steep snow banks on their knees, which are well protected by the thick deerskin breeches worn by all. Sometimes they tumble over and go down headforemost, but there is seldom any injury to their little bodies, owing to the remarkable thickness and softness of their garments.

Sometimes the Eskimo men step outside the hut into an atmosphere many degrees below zero and enjoy a wrestling match, which keeps them warm enough, no doubt. Inside the hut the men and women squat around the fire, telling tales handed down from ancient times or singing quaint songs of folklore.

The Eskimo children, except at one or two points in Alaska, go to no school. But from their infancy they are schooled in the various items of daily labor which it is necessary for all of them to know. They learn how to gather and dry moss, to catch the scant driftwood that comes their way and to extract blubber. These three things are their only fuel. The boys learn how to fish and hunt and the girls, in a crude way, how to cook. One of the chief duties of the women is to tend the soapstone lamps, which both light and heat the huts in which the Eskimos live. These must be well fed with hunks of blubber. The little girls learn lamp tending when they are scarcely old enough to toddle.

Later they become proficient in the curing of walrus meats and the drying of fish. The girls also learn how to prepare the feathered skins of certain birds for fashioning into soft and comfortable underclothing.



OLD ABE PETERS

BY JOE CONE

COPYRIGHT 1906 BY JOE CONE

ABE PETERS was a Yankee man an' sharper than a pin,
He lived way out in Lonesome Lane, all by himself, an' he
Would never visit other folks or ask his neighbors in
An' never had Thanksgivin' or a Christmas jubilee.
He was the sharpest feller in a trade you ever knew,
He was the closest buyer ever seen around the town,
An' if he lent a dollar he was sure to get back two
An' always took advantage of the feller who was down.
The old folks used to talk of him beside the fire at night
An' dwell upon his dealin's in a most peculiar way;
The children used to mock him when he chanced to come in sight
An' this is but a sample of the things they used to say:

"Old Abe Peters of Lonesome Lane,
Old Abe Peters in town again,
Poor as a buzzard an' mean as a crow,
With lots of money, but none to show—
Old—Abe—Peters!"

There come a mighty blizzard, an' it buried Lonesome Lane.
Abe Peters he was covered under seven foot of snow;
He tried to leave his shanty, but he found it all in vain;
Each day he grew more frightened, with his fodder runnin' low
Some said, "Let's dig out Peters," an' some said, "No; let him go."
They argued o'er the matter till the week was on the wane,
Till finally they ventured, half a score of souls or so,
An' this is what they shouted as they dug out Lonesome Lane:

"Old Abe Peters, unbuckle your gold;
Old Abe Peters, we're dry an' cold;
Cider or coffee or crackers an' beer
Or money to buy us some Christmas cheer—
Old—Abe—Peters!"

Abe Peters saw 'em comin' from his garret window pane;
He saw 'em diggin' fiercely through the mighty drifts of snow.
His heart warmed for a moment; then it turned to ice again.
He scowled with selfish malice on the workers down below.
And did he pass 'em coffee? Did he offer Christmas cheer
An' thank 'em for their labor, which, alas, was all in vain?
He warned 'em from his dooryard in a manner most severe
An' sued 'em all for trespass when he got around again.

"Abe Peters has vanished from Lonesome Lane;
Abe Peters will never come back again,
Just where he is quartered we do not know,
But it's safe to reckon he's found no snow—
Old—Abe—Peters!"

Abe Peters saw 'em comin'.

The Doll Hospital

By J. A. EDGERTON

[Copyright, 1906, by J. A. Edgerton.]

THE world is full of hospitals, not only for disease racked and wrecked human beings, but for dogs, horses, birds and—dolls. And why not? Dolls have ailments as well as other folks—in fact, rather more so. They lose their hair, their eyes, their teeth, their hands, their legs, their sawdust and even their complexions and heads. Small boys delight in crippling and maiming them, rockers smash them, big folks step on them. This is a hard world for dolls.

So the doll hospitals flourish. Most large cities support one. Doll surgery has become a science. The poor things do not have to take medicine, fortunately, except paint applied externally and sawdust internally, so that a pharmacopoeia is not required in doll doctoring. The operations are all surgical. But for all that the doll doctors are entitled to place M. D. after their names, M. D. standing for mender of dolls.

It is quite a grewsome sight in the wards and operating room of the hospital itself. There heads, arms, legs, eyes and trunks lie about in startling array. Most of the heads are minus hair and have great holes in the tops of them. Arms or legs are hanging literally by a thread. Noses are broken, hands are minus, feet have been amputated, faces are mashed in, while the internal machinery that makes the doll cry, say "mamma" and open and shut its eyes is out of whack as badly as some people's livers. The wax, china and papier mache babies have never developed appendicitis as yet, or stomach ache, but they are subject to almost every other ill.

The doll hospital is a great boon to the little mothers. They come at all hours of the day, bringing their ailing darlings, or, if they live too far away, they send dolly by express or messenger, with cramped and pathetic notes. One little girl had let her precious fall downstairs and break its leg, another had been listening to a hand organ on the street, and her brother, who was playing that he was a Chinese emperor and was executing some of his subjects, just to keep in practice, had cut dolly's head off with a fire-shovel. Still another small miss of seven had kissed the nose off Mehitable Jane—dolls usually have long names, you know—and would the doctors please fix it? They would.

On the work table at the hospital are not only arms and legs galore, but all kinds of wigs, paints, threads and cords, miniature teeth, tiny curling irons, pastes and glues, hooks and scissors of many shapes and sizes and even an appalling assortment of glass eyes of various colors and sizes. The eyes, which open and shut with a weight, are placed in position through the opening in the head. A few stitches serve to mend loose arm or leg, while hooks and cords are usually required to fix a fractured joint. The paint brush touches up a faded complexion, as is the case even with flesh and blood grown folks.

There are almond eyed Chinese dolls with faded yellow complexions and long cues, Indians with feathers missing from their war bonnets, pickaninny dolls with moth eaten wool and angel faced cherubs with a battered appearance that makes them look as if they had been in a Bowery scrimmage.

But surgery does miracles, and this particular branch of it performs even greater wonders than that in the sure enough hospitals. It makes bodily members grow on where none had been before, and before its marvelous powers even decapitation is not fatal.

CHANGES IN CABINET.

Only One McKinley Member Now In Original Place.

RAPID RISE OF MR. CORTELYOU

California Congressmen Visit Panama—Mr. Roosevelt's Pretty Rap at Poultney Bigelow—Hair Raising Jokes on a Barber Member Elect.

By CHARLES W. ARTHUR.

Washington, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Among the many things for which President Roosevelt's administration is remarkable is the number of changes he has made in his cabinet. When all the changes that have heretofore been announced shall actually have been made, there will be only one member of the cabinet holding the same office he held when Mr. Roosevelt succeeded Mr. McKinley. That one is Secretary of Agriculture Wilson. Secretary of State Root was in the cabinet when Mr. Roosevelt became president, but at that time he had the portfolio of the war department. Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock was in charge of the interior department then, too, but his retirement and the selection of James R. Garfield to succeed him have already been definitely arranged for.

Cortelyou's Progress.

No member of the present cabinet has risen as rapidly as George Bruce Cortelyou, now postmaster general, whose appointment as secretary of the treasury to succeed Leslie M. Shaw was announced some weeks ago. Indeed, few public men of modern times have had a more brilliant career than Mr. Cortelyou. Starting as a government clerk at a very small salary, he was President McKinley's private secretary when the tragedy at Buffalo made Theodore Roosevelt president. Mr. Roosevelt kept him in that position until congress created the department of commerce and labor, of which Mr. Cortelyou was made the head. Resigning that post to take charge of the Republican national committee in the last presidential campaign, he was later reappointed to the cabinet, being given the postoffice portfolio, which he now holds. He is only forty-four years old.

Straus Only One From Outside.

Oscar S. Straus of New York, the only Hebrew in the cabinet, is also the only one of the new members who have not heretofore been connected with President Roosevelt's official family in some way. Victor S. Metcalf, whom Straus succeeds and who in turn succeeds Charles J. Bonaparte, who becomes attorney general, vice William H. Moody, made an associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, was formerly a member of the house of representatives from California. Mr. Garfield, the new secretary of the interior, has been chief of the bureau of corporations, department of commerce and labor, for some time.

Californians to Panama.

The California delegation in congress, which has been very much in the public eye recently as a result of the trouble in San Francisco growing out of the segregation of Japanese pupils from white children in the public schools, is now engaged in another enterprise which is certain to attract considerable attention. Yesterday a party containing most of the national legislators from the Golden Gate State left Washington for Panama via Tampa. They will spend five days on the isthmus for the purpose of personally investigating the labor conditions existing there. The Pacific coast generally is opposed to the use of Chinese coolies as laborers on the canal, and the California congressmen desire to see for themselves what the results of the employment of such labor may be.

A Hit at Bigelow.

The largest picture in the Panama canal message which President Roosevelt sent to congress earlier in the week showed the Colon reservoir, a mile in the rear of Mount Hope, which supplies Colon and Cristobal with water. A good story about this reservoir began to be told in Washington at the time the president returned from his trip to the isthmus. In one of the magazine articles published by Poultney Bigelow after his hurried visit to the canal the statement was made that the Colon reservoir was dry and that it would always remain dry owing to the mistakes of the engineers in charge. At present the reservoir contains 500,000,000 gallons of water, and some waggish American engineers have launched a boat on it, which they call the Poultney Bigelow. President Roosevelt thinks this is a very effective "come back" at the magazine writer.

Congressional Persiflage.

Chairman Sherman and Secretary Loudenslager of the Republican congressional committee were talking over the results of the election of last month.

"Who is this fellow McDermott—James T. McDermott—who defeated Kid Wharton out in Chicago?" asked the chairman of the secretary.

"He's a barber," was the reply.

"Did he win by a large majority?"

"No; a very small one."

"Ah!" said Mr. Sherman reflectively. "A close shave, eh?"

After expressing his opinion of this sort of humor Mr. Loudenslager said, "I suppose you know they are not going to use his name when calling the roll next session?"

"No?" returned Mr. Sherman. "Why not? What will they do?"

"Oh, the clerk will simply shout 'Next!'" replied Mr. Loudenslager, with a look which indicated that he thought honors were even.